



## TASMANIAN INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION

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**CITATION:** Variation of the Ambulance Tasmania Award [2023] TASIC 17

**PARTIES:**

Minister administering the State Service Act 2000

Health Services Union, Tasmania Branch

Tasmanian Trades and Labor Council

**SUBJECT:** *Industrial Relations Act 1984*, s 23(1) application for variation of Award

**FILE NO:** T15023 of 2023

**HEARING DATE(S):** 2 May 2023

**HEARING LOCATION:** Tasmanian Industrial Commission, Hobart

**DATE REASONS ISSUED:** 17 May 2023

**MEMBER:** President D J Barclay

**CATCHWORDS:** Award variation –superannuation - types of leave - consent application - consent order issued - operative date for the variations, save the variations to clauses 7 and 8 of Part 1 and clause 5 of Part VIII, will be from the first full pay period commencing on or after 1 December 2022. The variation to clause 7 and 8 of Part 1 and clause 5 of Part VIII will be from the first full pay period commencing on or after 2 May 2023.

**REPRESENTATION:**

Jane Fitton and Stuart Locke for Minister administering the *State Service Act 2000*

James Millgan for Health Services Union, Tasmania Branch

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## VARIATION OF THE AMBULANCE TASMANIA AWARD [2023] TASIC 17

### REASONS FOR DECISION

HOBART, 17 MAY 2023

**[1]** On 24 April 2023, the Minister administering the *State Service Act 2000* (MASSA) lodged with the Registrar, pursuant to section 23 of the *Industrial Relations Act 1984* (the Act), an application to vary the Ambulance Tasmania Award.

**[2]** The Application relates to variations as set out in the Applicants submissions:

- improved superannuation benefits for additional employee contributions;
- improved leave entitlements for paid parental leave (including an increase to the weeks of paid parental leave for the primary and secondary caregiver);
- (new) grandparent leave (paid and unpaid leave provisions to support grandparents acting as primary caregivers);
- personal leave (to insert a new Aboriginal family relationships provision);
- bereavement and compassionate leave (to extend the entitlement to instances of miscarriage and stillbirth; and to insert a new Aboriginal family relationships provision);
- Incorporate a new standard TSS recreation leave provision to provide for ongoing accrual of leave and the management of excess leave accrual;
- family violence leave (increase from 10 days to 20 days; and to insert a new Aboriginal family relationships provision);
- (new) Aboriginal cultural leave (5 days paid leave to enable an Aboriginal employee to be absent from work to engage in Aboriginal Cultural practices and meet Cultural expectations as an active Aboriginal community member during their employment in TSS);
- (new) disability leave (5 days per year to be used for activities (including attending appointments) associated with an employee's long-term physical or psychological disability);
- (new) foster and kinship care leave (up to 10 days per year to support foster and kinship carers);
- (new) gender affirmation leave (4 weeks paid leave and 48 weeks unpaid leave for employees affirming their gender); and
- (new) surrogacy leave (6 weeks paid leave to support an employee acting as a surrogate in a formal surrogacy arrangement);

**[3]** Further an application was made to amend clause 6 of Part VIII as follows:

- In Part VIII, Clause 6 – Parental Leave, subclause (m)(iii)(1); replace 'employee was pregnant' with 'employee who was pregnant',
- In Part VIII, Clause 6 – Parental Leave, subclause (n)(iii); replace 'subclause (i)' with 'subclause (l)',

- In Part VIII, Clause 6 – Parental Leave, subclause (o)(ii); replace ‘subclause (i)’ with ‘subclause (j)’;
- In Part VIII, Clause 6 – Parental Leave, subclause (o)(ii); replace ‘subclause (a)(vii)’ with ‘subclause (b)(v)1’;
- In Part VIII, Clause 6 – Parental Leave, subclause (p)(iii); replace ‘subclause (o)(i)’ with ‘subclause (p)(i)’; and
- In Part VIII, Clause 9 – Aboriginal Cultural Leave, change starting subclause from ‘subclause (t)’ to ‘subclause (a)’.

**[4]** That application was consented to and the variations made.

**[5]** The final matter of importance is a dispute which may arise as to the effect of Clause 2(e) of Part VIII. That clause provides that a Secondary Caregiver, after 12 months of continuous service will be entitled to 4 weeks paid Secondary Caregiver leave. The potential dispute as to that clause is to whom it may apply. The Respondent unions submit that it may apply to those who are on parental leave prior to 1 December 2022 (the date the variations come into effect). The Minister submits that cannot be the case.

**[6]** It is not appropriate to say anything about the dispute. However the fact of the dispute does engage a question whether it is in the public interest to approve a variation where there may be future disputation. The parties urged me to grant the variation. It was noted that if any persons could avail themselves of the argument they are likely to be few. The variation was part of a tranche of fairly substantial variations and I was told there were people whose entitlement to parental leave was affected by the approval or non-approval of the variation. On balance I determined it was in the public interest to grant the variations.

**[7]** I am satisfied that the application is consistent with the public interest requirements of the Act and does not disadvantage the Award-covered employees.

**[8]** The application for variation is granted with an operative date, save the variations to clauses 7 and 8 of Part 1 and clause 5 of Part VIII, from the first full pay period commencing on or after 1 December 2022. The variations to clause 7 and 8 of Part 1 and clause 5 of Part VIII will be from the first full pay period commencing on or after 2 May 2023.

**[9]** An order reflecting this decision is to follow.



