

**TASMANIAN INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION**

Industrial Relations Act 1984

s.23 application for award or variation of award

**Tasmanian Trades and Labor Council**  
(T.3077 of 1991)

**VETERINARY SERVICES AWARD**

Award variation - insertion of "Parental Leave" clause in lieu of  
"Maternity Leave" clause

**ORDER - No. 2 of 1992**  
(Consolidated)

AMEND THE **VETERINARY SERVICES AWARD** BY DELETING ALL THE CLAUSES  
CONTAINED THEREIN AND INSERTING IN LIEU THEREOF THE FOLLOWING:

### 1. TITLE

This award shall be known as the "Veterinary Services Award".

### 2. SCOPE

This award is established in respect of the industries of:

- (a) veterinary clinics;
- (b) veterinary surgeries; and
- (c) veterinary practices.

### 3. ARRANGEMENT

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#### **4. DATE OF OPERATION**

This award shall come into operation on and from 1 January 1993.

#### **5. SUPERSESSION AND SAVINGS**

This award incorporates and supersedes No. 1 of 1991 (Consolidated), No. 2 of 1991 and No. 1 of 1992.

**PROVIDED** that no right, obligation or liability incurred or accrued under any of the abovementioned provisions shall be affected by the replacement and supersession.

#### **6. PARTIES AND PERSONS BOUND**

Unless otherwise specified, this award shall have application to and be binding upon:

- (a) all employers (whether members of a Registered Organisation or not) who are engaged in the industry specified in Clause 2 - Scope;
- (b) all employees (whether members of a Registered Organisation or not) for whom classifications appear in this award and who are employed in the industry specified in Clause 2 - Scope;
- (c) the following organisation of employees in respect of whom award interest has been determined:

the Australian Liquor, Hospitality and Miscellaneous Workers Union - Tasmanian Branch, and the officers of that organisation and their members who are employed in the industry specified in Clause 2 - Scope;

- (d) the following organisation of employers in respect of whom award interest has been determined:

the Tasmanian Confederation of Industries.

## 7. DEFINITIONS

'Casual employee' means an employee who is employed on a casual basis and shall include any person who is employed for a period not exceeding five days at any one time.

**PROVIDED** that the period of engagement of a casual employee may be extended to cover a designated period of annual leave, sick leave, long service leave or workers' compensation.

'Part-time employee' means an employee regularly engaged to work less than 38 hours per week who has accepted employment in accordance with Clause 19 - Part-time Employee.

'Show Day' means not more than one local show day observed on an employee's ordinary working day, other than a Saturday or a Sunday, in the city, town or district in which the employee is employed; or such other day which, in the absence of such a local show day, is agreed on by the employee and the employer, therefore making a total of 11 paid public holidays per year.

'Union' means the Australian Liquor, Hospitality and Miscellaneous Workers Union - Tasmanian Branch.

'Year of service' is determined by the cumulative service of an employee with all employers under this award.

8. WAGE RATES

1. WAGE RATES

Adult employees of a classification hereunder mentioned shall be paid the amount assigned opposite that classification:

		Amount per Week \$
Classification		
Veterinary Nurse		
1st year of service		306.50
2nd year of service		333.80
3rd year of service and thereafter		351.70

2. JUNIORS

Junior employees shall be paid the undermentioned percentages of the 1st year adult rate calculated to the nearest 10 cents:

		Amount per Week \$
	%	
Under 17 years of age	53	162.40
17 years and under 18 years of age	65	199.20
18 years and under 19 years of age	77	236.00
19 years and under 20 years of age	81	248.30
20 years and over	Adult Rate	306.50



## 9. ANNUAL LEAVE

### (a) Period of Leave

A period of 28 consecutive days' leave shall be allowed annually to an employee after 12 months' continuous service (less the period of annual leave).

### (b) Calculation of Continuous Service

(i) 12 months' continuous service, for the purposes of this award shall mean 12 months from the commencement of employment. Such 12 months shall not be affected by the number of hours worked each week.

(ii) Continuous service shall not be deemed to have been broken because of:

(1) absences of up to 91 days resulting from accidents, or illnesses which are covered by medical certificates;

(2) absences of up to one month for any cause for which leave has been granted by the employer.

### (c) Time of Taking Leave

Annual leave shall be taken at a time mutually agreed upon by the employer and the employee and in the absence of agreement at a time fixed by the employer after at least one month's notice to the employee and within one month of the leave becoming due.

Annual leave shall be taken within 6 months from the date when the right to annual leave accrued.

### (d) Broken Leave

Annual leave shall be taken in a continuous period provided that where the employee and the employer agree, leave may be taken in 2 or more periods, one of which shall be of at least 14 successive days.

### (e) Payment for Period of Leave

An employee before going on leave shall be paid the amount of wages he would have received in respect of the ordinary time which he would have worked had he not been on leave during the relevant period. In addition thereto he shall be paid a loading of 17 1/2 per cent.

(f) **Proportionate Leave on Termination of Service**

Where an employee terminates his employment, or his employment is terminated by the employer before the expiration of any 12 monthly qualifying period, payment shall be made on the basis of:- 4.48ths of a week's wages for each completed week of continuous service plus 17 1/2 per cent annual leave loading for an employee with more than 12 months service.

**10. CASUAL EMPLOYEES**

- (a) A casual employee shall be paid per hour one thirty-eighth of the weekly rate prescribed herein, for the relevant year of service (as defined) plus 20 per cent.
- (b) Casual employees shall be engaged for a minimum of 3 hours per day.

**PROVIDED** that where agreed between the employer, the employee and the union a lesser minimum engagement may apply. Such agreement shall be in writing and shall specify the terms of the lesser engagement period.

**11. CLOTHING ALLOWANCE**

- (a) The employee shall be issued with two uniforms annually to be maintained in a suitable condition by the employer. Where the uniforms are not supplied and laundered the employer shall pay a premium of \$5.20 per week:

\$3.80 for the cost of laundering, \$1.45 for supply of uniforms.

- (b) Where an employee is required to work in wet or dirty conditions or in association with animals suitable footwear shall be supplied.

**12. COMPASSIONATE LEAVE**

An employee shall on the death of a wife, husband, father, mother, child, stepchild, brother, sister, mother-in-law, father-in-law, stepmother, stepfather, grandfather, grandmother, de facto spouse, be entitled upon application being made to the employer, to leave up to and including the day of the funeral of such relative and such leave will be without deduction of pay not exceeding the number of ordinary hours worked by the employee in 3 ordinary days.

Proof of such death, in the form of a death notice or other written evidence, shall be furnished by the employee.



**13. CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT**

- (a) Except in the case of casuals, employment under this award shall be by the week.
- (b) Casual employees shall be engaged by the hour.
- (c) Except in the case of casuals, employment may be terminated only by the giving of one week's notice by either party or by the payment or forfeiture of one week's wages as the case may be provided that during the first two weeks of employment the employment may be terminated by the giving of one hour's notice by either party or by the payment or forfeiture of one hour's pay as the case may be.
- (d) Casual employment may be terminated by one hour's notice.
- (e) Nothing contained elsewhere in this clause shall limit the right of the employer to instantly dismiss an employee for malingering, misconduct or neglect of duty warrants instant dismissal, in which case wages shall be paid up to the time of dismissal only.
- (f) The employer in the event of misconduct may suspend an employee without pay. The maximum period of suspension shall be one week. Should the employee not agree to the suspension the union may refer the matter to the Industrial Commission. If upon examination the Industrial Commission forms the view that the suspension was harsh or unjust, it may vary the term of or rescind the suspension.

Prior to the implementation of the suspension the matter shall be discussed with an official of the union, or written notification shall be provided to the union. Where written means of notifying the employers intention is used the employer shall not implement the suspension until 24 hours after the union would reasonably have been expected to receive such notification.

- (g)
  - (i) An employer may direct an employee to carry out such duties as are within the limit of the employee's skill, competence and training consistent with the classification structure of this award provided that such duties are not designed to promote de-skilling.
  - (ii) An employer may direct an employee to carry out such duties and use tools and equipment as may be required provided that the employee has been properly trained in the use of such tools and equipment.



- (iii) Any direction issued by an employer pursuant to paragraphs (i) and (ii) shall be consistent with the employer's responsibilities to provide a safe and healthy working environment.

#### **14. HOLIDAYS WITH PAY**

- (a) (i) All employees (other than casuals) shall be allowed the following days as paid holidays:

New Year's Day, Australia Day, Hobart Regatta Day (south of Oatlands), Labour Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, Queen's Birthday, Show Day (as defined), Recreation Day (where Hobart Regatta Day is not observed), Christmas Day and Boxing Day.

- (ii) Where any of the aforementioned holidays fall on a Saturday or Sunday and are observed on the Saturday or Sunday respectively, then the following ordinary working day shall be regarded as a holiday for the purposes of this award.
- (b) Payment for the holidays mentioned in subclause (a) which are taken and not worked, shall be at the rate of pay which would have applied to the employee concerned when, if it were not for such holiday, he had been at work.
- (c) Payment to an employee for work performed on a holiday mentioned in subclause (a) of this clause shall be made at two and a half times the normal rate.

#### **15. HOURS**

- (a) The ordinary hours of work shall not exceed 38 hours per week.
- (b) Subject to subclause (c) herein the ordinary hours of work as prescribed in subclause (a) shall be worked as follows:

8 hours per day as agreed between the hours of 7.00am and 8.00pm Monday to Friday inclusive, and one shift of not more than 4 hours between the hours of 7.30am and 12.30pm on Saturday.

- (c) The method of implementation of the 38-hour week may be agreed to be any of the following:
  - (i) by employees working less than 8 ordinary hours on each day;  
or

- (ii) by employees working less than 8 ordinary hours on one or more days each week; or
  - (iii) by fixing one week day on which all employees will be off during a particular work cycle; or
  - (iv) by rostering employees off on various days of the week during a particular work cycle so that each employee has one week day off during that cycle.
- (d) At each work-place an assessment should be made as to which method of implementation best suits the business and the proposal shall be discussed with the employees concerned, the objective being to reach agreement on the method of implementation.
- (e) Circumstances may arise where different methods of implementation of the 38-hour working week apply to different employees in the work-place.
- (f) Where the method of implementation includes the taking of a rostered day as provided for in subclause (c)(iii) and (iv) the following conditions shall apply:
- (i) An employer, with the agreement of the majority of employees concerned, may substitute a day an employee is to take off in accordance with subclause (c)(iii) and (iv) of this clause, for another day in the case of an emergency situation.
- PROVIDED** that any individual employee, with the agreement of his employer, may substitute the day the employee is to take off for another day.
- (ii) Where an employer and employee agree rostered days off may accumulate to a maximum of 7 days which shall be taken at a mutually agreed time.
  - (iii) Where an employee is sick or injured on the week day he is to take off in accordance with subclause (c)(iii) or (iv) of this clause, the employee shall not be entitled to sick pay nor will the sick pay entitlement be reduced as a result of the employee's sickness or injury on that day.
  - (iv) Where an employee works on a day off arising under subclause (c)(iii) or (iv) of this clause not being a day the subject of agreement pursuant to subclause (f)(i) and (ii) that day shall be deemed to be overtime and paid in accordance with Clause 17 - Overtime.

- (v) The wages paid each week for ordinary hours shall be paid so that in each week when 40 hours is worked 2 hours pay shall be kept in hand and paid to the employee in the pay week that the rostered day off occurs to enable an averaging of payments for ordinary time to occur.
- (g) Agreements reached on the method of implementation of the 38-hour week shall be recorded in writing and shall be signed by the employer and employees concerned. The agreement shall be kept as part of employment records and available for inspection in accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Relations Act 1984.

#### **16. MEAL AND MEAL ALLOWANCE**

- (a) A meal interval of not less than 30 minutes or more than one hour shall be allowed to an employee after each 4 hours worked.
- (b) An employee who is required to work overtime for more than one and a half hours after the usual time of ceasing work shall be paid a meal allowance of \$4.90 for each such meal.
- (c) An employee required to work for more than 4 hours on a Saturday, or a Sunday or a Public Holiday shall be paid a meal allowance of \$4.90.

#### **17. OVERTIME**

For all time of duty in excess of or outside of the ordinary hours as prescribed in Clause 15 - Hours of this award, payment shall be made at the rate of time and one half for the first 2 hours and double time thereafter.

#### **18. PARENTAL LEAVE**

Subject to the terms of this clause employees are entitled to maternity, paternity and adoption leave and to work part-time in connection with the birth or adoption of a child.

##### **PART A - MATERNITY LEAVE**

- (a) Nature of Leave

Maternity leave is unpaid leave.



(b) Definitions

For the purpose of this part:

'Employee' includes a part-time employee but does not include an employee engaged upon casual or seasonal work.

'Paternity leave' means leave of the type provided for in Part B - Paternity Leave.

'Child' means a child of the employee under the age of one year.

'Spouse' includes a de facto or a former spouse.

'Continuous service' means service under an unbroken contract of employment and includes:

- (i) any period of leave taken in accordance with this clause;
- (ii) any period of part-time employment worked in accordance with this clause; or
- (iii) any period of leave or absence authorised by the employer or by the award.

(c) Eligibility for Maternity Leave

- (i) An employee who becomes pregnant, upon production to her employer of the certificate required by subclause (d) hereof, shall be entitled to a period of up to 52 weeks maternity leave provided that such leave shall not extend beyond the child's first birthday. This entitlement shall be reduced by any period of paternity leave taken by the employee's spouse in relation to the same child and apart from paternity leave of up to one week at the time of confinement shall not be taken concurrently with paternity leave.
- (ii) Subject to subclauses (f) and (i) hereof the period of maternity leave shall be unbroken and shall, immediately following confinement, include a period of six weeks compulsory leave.
- (iii) The employee must have had at least 12 months continuous service with that employer immediately preceding the date upon which she proceeds upon such leave.



(d) Certificate

At the time specified in subclause (e) hereof the employee must produce to her employer:

- (i) a certificate from a registered medical practitioner stating that she is pregnant and the expected date of confinement;
- (ii) a statutory declaration stating particulars of any period of paternity leave sought or taken by her spouse and that for the period of maternity leave she will not engage in any conduct inconsistent with her contract of employment.

(e) Notice Requirements

- (i) An employee shall, not less than ten weeks prior to the presumed date of confinement, produce to her employer the certificate referred to in paragraph (d)(i).
- (ii) An employee shall give not less than four weeks notice in writing to her employer of the date upon which she proposes to commence maternity leave stating the period of leave to be taken and shall, at the same time, produce to her employer the statutory declaration referred to in paragraph (d)(ii).
- (iii) An employer by not less than 14 days notice in writing to the employee may require her to commence maternity leave at any time within the six weeks immediately prior to her presumed date of confinement.
- (iv) An employee shall not be in breach of this clause as a consequence of failure to give the stipulated period of notice in accordance with paragraph (ii) hereof if such failure is occasioned by the confinement occurring earlier than the presumed date.

(f) Transfer to a Safe Job

Where in the opinion of a registered medical practitioner, illness or risks arising out of the pregnancy or hazards connected with the work assigned to the employee make it inadvisable for the employee to continue at her present work, the employee shall, if the employer deems it practicable, be transferred to a safe job at the rate and on the conditions attaching to that job until the commencement of maternity leave.

If the transfer to a safe job is not practicable, the employee may, or the employer may require the employee to, take leave for such period as is certified necessary by a registered medical practitioner. Such leave shall be treated as maternity leave for the purposes of subclauses (j), (k), (l) and (m) hereof.

(g) Variation of Period of Maternity Leave

- (i) Provided the maximum period of maternity leave does not exceed the period to which the employee is entitled under subclause (c) hereof:
  - (1) the period of maternity leave may be lengthened once only by the employee giving not less than 14 days' notice in writing stating the period by which the leave is to be lengthened;
  - (2) the period may be further lengthened by agreement between the employer and the employee.
- (ii) The period of maternity leave may, with the consent of the employer, be shortened by the employee giving not less than 14 days' notice in writing stating the period by which the leave is to be shortened.

(h) Cancellation of Maternity Leave

- (i) Maternity leave, applied for but not commenced, shall be cancelled when the pregnancy of an employee terminates other than by the birth of a living child.
- (ii) Where the pregnancy of an employee then on maternity leave terminates other than by the birth of a living child, it shall be the right of the employee to resume work at a time nominated by the employer which shall not exceed 4 weeks from the date of notice in writing by the employee to the employer that she desires to resume work.

(i) Special Maternity Leave and Sick Leave

- (i) Where the pregnancy of an employee not then on maternity leave terminates after 28 weeks other than by the birth of a living child then:
  - (1) she shall be entitled to such period of unpaid leave (to be known as special maternity leave) as a registered medical practitioner certifies as necessary before her return to work; or
  - (2) for illness other than the normal consequences of confinement she shall be entitled, either in lieu of or in addition to special maternity leave, to such paid sick leave as to which she is then entitled and which a registered medical practitioner certifies as necessary before her return to work.



- (ii) Where an employee not then on maternity leave suffers illness related to her pregnancy, she may take such paid sick leave as to which she is then entitled and such further unpaid leave (to be known as special maternity leave) as a registered medical practitioner certifies as necessary before her return to work, provided that the aggregate of paid sick leave, special maternity leave and maternity leave shall not exceed the period to which the employee is entitled under subclause (c) hereof.
- (iii) For the purposes of subclauses (j), (k) and (l) hereof, maternity leave shall include special maternity leave.
- (iv) An employee returning to work after the completion of a period of leave taken pursuant to this subclause shall be entitled to the position which she held immediately before proceeding on such leave or, in the case of an employee who was transferred to a safe job pursuant to subclause (f) hereof, to the position she held immediately before such transfer.

Where such position no longer exists but there are other positions available, which the employee is qualified for and the duties of which she is capable of performing, she shall be entitled to a position as nearly comparable in status and pay to that of her former position.

(j) Maternity Leave and Other Leave Entitlements

- (i) Provided the aggregate of any leave including leave taken under this part, does not exceed the period to which the employee is entitled under subclause (c) hereof, an employee may, in lieu of or in conjunction with maternity leave, take any annual leave or long service leave or any part thereof to which she is entitled.
- (ii) Paid sick leave or other paid authorised award absences (excluding annual leave or long service leave), shall not be available to an employee during her absence on maternity leave.

(k) Effect of Maternity Leave on Employment

Subject to this part, notwithstanding any award or other provision to the contrary, absence on maternity leave shall not break the continuity of service of an employee but shall not be taken into account in calculating the period of service for any purpose of any relevant award or agreement.

(l) Termination of Employment

- (i) An employee on maternity leave may terminate her employment at any time during the period of leave by notice given in accordance with this award.
- (ii) An employer shall not terminate the employment of an employee on the ground of her pregnancy or of her absence on maternity leave, but otherwise the rights of an employer in relation to termination of employment are not hereby affected.

(m) Return to Work After Maternity Leave

- (i) An employee shall confirm her intention of returning to work by notice in writing to the employer given not less than four (4) weeks prior to the expiration of her period of maternity leave.
- (ii) An employee, upon returning to work after maternity leave or the expiration of the notice required by paragraph (i) hereof, shall be entitled to the position which she held immediately before proceeding on maternity leave or, in the case of an employee who was transferred to a safe job pursuant to subclause (f) hereof, to the position which she held immediately before such transfer or in relation to an employee who has worked part-time during the pregnancy the position she held immediately before commencing such part-time work.

Where such position no longer exists but there are other positions available for which the employee is qualified and the duties of which she is capable of performing, she shall be entitled to a position as nearly comparable in status and pay to that of her former position.

(n) Replacement Employees

- (i) A replacement employee is an employee specifically engaged as a result of an employee proceeding on maternity leave.
- (ii) Before an employer engages a replacement employee the employer shall inform that person of the temporary nature of the employment and of the rights of the employee who is being replaced.



- (iii) Before an employer engages a person to replace an employee temporarily promoted or transferred in order to replace an employee exercising her rights under this part, the employer shall inform that person of the temporary nature of the promotion or transfer and of the rights of the employee who is being replaced.
- (iv) Nothing in this part shall be construed as requiring an employer to engage a replacement employee.

#### **PART B - PATERNITY LEAVE**

(a) Nature of Leave

Paternity leave is unpaid leave.

(b) Definitions

For the purpose of this part:

**'Employee'** includes a part-time employee but does not include an employee engaged upon casual or seasonal work.

**'Maternity leave'** means leave of the type provided for in Part A - Maternity Leave (and includes special maternity leave).

**'Child'** means a child of the employee or the employee's spouse under the age of one year.

**'Spouse'** includes a de facto or a former spouse.

**'Primary care-giver'** means a person who assumes the principal role of providing care and attention to a child.

**'Continuous service'** means service under an unbroken contract of employment and includes:

- (i) any period of leave taken in accordance with this clause;
- (ii) any period of part-time employment worked in accordance with this clause; or
- (iii) any period of leave or absence authorised by the employer or by the award.

(c) Eligibility for Paternity Leave

A male employee, upon production to his employer of the certificate required by subclause (d) - Certification shall be entitled to one or two periods of paternity leave, the total of which shall not exceed 52 weeks, in the following circumstances:

- (i) an unbroken period of up to one week at the time of confinement of his spouse;
- (ii) a further unbroken period of up to 51 weeks in order to be the primary care-giver of a child provided that such leave shall not extend beyond the child's first birthday. This entitlement shall be reduced by any period of maternity leave taken by the employee's spouse and shall not be taken concurrently with that maternity leave.

The employee must have had at least 12 months continuous service with that employer immediately preceding the date upon which he proceeds upon either period of leave.

(d) Certification

At the time specified in subclause (e) the employee must produce to his employer:

- (i) a certificate from a registered medical practitioner which names his spouse, states that she is pregnant and the expected date of confinement or states the date of which the birth took place;
- (ii) in relation to any period to be taken under paragraph (c)(ii) hereof, a statutory declaration stating:
  - (1) he will take that period of paternity leave to become the primary care-giver of the child;
  - (2) particulars of any period of maternity leave sought or taken by his spouse; and
  - (3) for the period of paternity leave he will not engage in any conduct inconsistent with his contract of employment.

(e) Notice Requirements

- (i) The employee shall, not less than ten weeks prior to each proposed period of leave, give the employer notice in writing stating the dates on which he proposes to start and finish the period or periods of leave and produce the certificate and statutory declaration required in subclause (d) hereof.
- (ii) The employee shall not be in breach of this subclause as a consequence of failure to give the notice required in paragraph (i) hereof if such failure is due to:
  - (1) the birth occurring earlier than the expected date; or
  - (2) the death of the mother or the child; or
  - (3) other compelling circumstances.
- (iii) The employee shall immediately notify his employer of any change in the information provided pursuant to subclause (d) hereof.

(f) Variation of Period of Paternity Leave

- (i) Provided the maximum period of paternity leave does not exceed the period to which the employee is entitled under subclause (c) hereof:
  - (1) the period of paternity leave provided by paragraph (c)(ii) may be lengthened once only by the employee giving not less than 14 days notice in writing stating the period by which the leave is to be lengthened;
  - (2) the period may be further lengthened by agreement between the employer and the employee.
- (ii) The period of paternity leave taken under paragraph (c)(ii) hereof may, with the consent of the employer, be shortened by the employee giving not less than 14 days notice in writing stating the period by which the leave is to be shortened.

(g) Cancellation of Paternity Leave

Paternity leave, applied for under paragraph (c)(ii) hereof but not commenced, shall be cancelled when the pregnancy of the employee's spouse terminates other than by the birth of a living child.



(h) Paternity Leave and Other Leave Entitlements

- (i) Provided the aggregate of any leave, including leave taken under this part, does not exceed the period to which the employee is entitled under subclause (c) hereof, an employee may, in lieu of or in conjunction with paternity leave, take any annual leave or long service leave or any part thereof to which he is entitled.
- (ii) Paid sick leave or other paid authorised award absences (excluding annual leave or long service leave) shall not be available to an employee during his absence on paternity leave.

(i) Effect of Paternity Leave on Employment

Subject to this part, notwithstanding any award or other provision to the contrary, absence on paternity leave shall not break the continuity of service of an employee but shall not be taken into account in calculating the period of service for any purpose of any relevant award or agreement.

(j) Termination of Employment

- (i) An employee on paternity leave may terminate his employment at any time during the period of leave by notice given in accordance with this award.
- (ii) An employer shall not terminate the employment of an employee on the ground of his absence on paternity leave, but otherwise the rights of an employer in relation to termination of employment are not hereby affected.

(k) Return to Work after Paternity Leave

- (i) An employee shall confirm his intention of returning to work by notice in writing to the employer given not less than four weeks prior to the expiration of the period of paternity leave provided by paragraph (c)(ii) hereof.
- (ii) An employee, upon returning to work after paternity leave or the expiration of the notice required by paragraph (i) hereof, shall be entitled to the position which he held immediately before proceeding on paternity leave, or in relation to an employee who has worked part-time under this clause to the position he held immediately before commencing such part-time work.



Where such position no longer exists but there are other positions available which the employee is qualified for and is capable of performing, he shall be entitled to a position as nearly comparable in status and pay to that of his former position.

(1) Replacement Employees

- (i) A replacement employee is an employee specifically engaged as a result of an employee proceeding on paternity leave.
- (ii) Before an employer engages a replacement employee the employer shall inform that person of the temporary nature of the employment and of the rights of the employee who is being replaced.
- (iii) Before an employer engages a person to replace an employee temporarily promoted or transferred in order to replace an employee exercising his rights under this part, the employer shall inform that person of the temporary nature of the promotion or transfer and of the rights of the employee who is being replaced.
- (iv) Nothing in this part shall be construed as requiring an employer to engage a replacement employee.

**PART C - ADOPTION LEAVE**

(a) Nature of Leave

Adoption leave is unpaid leave.

(b) Definitions

For the purpose of this part:

**'Employee'** includes a part-time employee but does not include an employee engaged upon casual or seasonal work.

**'Child'** means a person under the age of five years who is placed with the employee for the purposes of adoption, other than a child or stepchild of the employee or of the spouse of the employee or a child who has previously lived continuously with the employee for a period of six months or more.

**'Relative adoption'** occurs where a child, as defined, is adopted by a grandparent, brother, sister, aunt or uncle (whether of the whole blood or half blood or by marriage).

**'Primary care-giver'** means a person who assumes the principal role of providing care and attention to a child.

**'Spouse'** includes a de facto spouse.

**'Continuous service'** means service under an unbroken contract of employment and includes:

- (i) any period of leave taken in accordance with this clause;
- (ii) any period of part-time employment worked in accordance with this clause, or
- (iii) any period of leave or absence authorised by the employer or by the award.

(c) Eligibility

An employee, upon production to the employer of the documentation required by subclause (d) hereof shall be entitled to one or two periods of adoption leave, the total of which shall not exceed 52 weeks, in the following circumstances:

- (i) an unbroken period of up to three weeks at the time of the placement of the child;
- (ii) an unbroken period of up to 52 weeks from the time of the child's placement in order to be the primary care-giver of the child. This leave shall not extend beyond one year after the placement of the child and shall not be taken concurrently with adoption leave taken by the employee's spouse in relation to the same child. This entitlement of up to 52 weeks shall be reduced by:
  - (1) any period of leave taken pursuant to paragraph (i) hereof; and
  - (2) the aggregate of any periods of adoption leave taken or to be taken by the employee's spouse;

The employee must have had at least 12 months continuous service with that employer immediately preceding the date upon which he or she proceeds upon such leave in either case.

(d) Certification

Before taking adoption leave the employee must produce to the employer:

- (i)
  - (1) A statement from an adoption agency or other appropriate body of the presumed date of placement of the child with the employee for adoption purposes; or
  - (2) A statement from the appropriate government authority confirming that the employee is to have custody of the child pending application for an adoption order.
- (ii) In relation to any period to be taken under paragraph (c)(ii) hereof, a statutory declaration stating:
  - (1) the employee is seeking adoption leave to become the primary care-giver of the child;
  - (2) particulars of any period of adoption leave sought or taken by the employee's spouse; and
  - (3) for the period of adoption leave the employee will not engage in any conduct inconsistent with his or her contract of employment.

(e) Notice Requirements

- (i) Upon receiving notice of approval for adoption purposes, an employee shall notify the employer of such approval and within two months of such approval, shall further notify the employer of the period or periods of adoption leave the employee proposes to take. In the case of a relative adoption the employee shall notify as aforesaid upon deciding to take a child into custody pending an application for an adoption order.
- (ii) An employee who commences employment with an employer after the date of approval for adoption purposes shall notify the employer thereof upon commencing employment and of the period or periods of adoption leave which the employee proposes to take. Provided that such employee shall not be entitled to adoption leave unless the employee has not less than 12 months continuous service with that employer immediately preceding the date upon which he or she proceeds upon such leave.



- (iii) An employee shall, as soon as the employee is aware of the presumed date of placement of a child for adoption purposes but no later than 14 days before such placement, give notice in writing to the employer of such date, and of the date of the commencement of any period of leave to be taken under paragraph (c)(i) hereof.
  - (iv) An employee shall, ten weeks before the proposed date of commencing any leave to be taken under paragraph (c)(ii) hereof give notice in writing to the employer of the date of commencing leave and the period of leave to be taken.
  - (v) An employee shall not be in breach of this part as a consequence of failure to give the stipulated period of notice in accordance with paragraphs (iii) and (iv) hereof if such failure is occasioned by the requirement of an adoption agency to accept earlier or later placement of a child, the death of the spouse or other compelling circumstances.
- (f) Variation of Period of Adoption Leave
- (i) Provided the maximum period of adoption leave does not exceed the period to which the employee is entitled under subclause (c) hereof:
    - (1) the period of leave taken under paragraph (c)(ii) hereof may be lengthened once only by the employee giving not less than 14 days notice in writing stating the period by which the leave is to be lengthened;
    - (2) the period may be further lengthened by agreement between the employer and employee.
  - (ii) The period of adoption leave taken under paragraph (c)(ii) hereof may, with the consent of the employer, be shortened by the employee giving not less than 14 days notice in writing stating the period by which the leave is to be shortened.
- (g) Cancellation of Adoption Leave
- (i) Adoption leave, applied for but not commenced, shall be cancelled should the placement of the child not proceed.
  - (ii) Where the placement of a child for adoption purposes with an employee then on adoption leave does not proceed or continue, the employee shall notify the employer forthwith and the employer shall nominate a time not exceeding four weeks from receipt of notification for the employee's resumption of work.



(h) Special Leave

The employer shall grant to any employee who is seeking to adopt a child, such unpaid leave not exceeding two days, as is required by the employee to attend any compulsory interviews or examinations as are necessary as part of the adoption procedure. Where paid leave is available to the employee the employer may require the employee to take such leave in lieu of special leave.

(i) Adoption Leave and Other Entitlements

(i) Provided the aggregate of any leave, including leave taken under this part, does not exceed the period to which the employee is entitled under subclause (c) hereof, an employee may, in lieu of or in conjunction with adoption leave, take any annual leave or long service leave or any part thereof to which he or she is entitled.

(ii) Paid sick leave or other paid authorised award absences (excluding annual leave or long service leave), shall not be available to an employee during the employee's absence on adoption leave.

(j) Effect of Adoption Leave on Employment

Subject to this part, notwithstanding any award or other provision to the contrary, absence on adoption leave shall not break the continuity of service of an employee but shall not be taken into account in calculating the period of service for any purpose of any relevant award or agreement.

(k) Termination of Employment

(i) An employee on adoption leave may terminate the employment at any time during the period of leave by notice given in accordance with this award.

(ii) An employer shall not terminate the employment of an employee on the ground of the employee's application to adopt a child or absence on adoption leave, but otherwise the rights of an employer in relation to termination of employment are not hereby affected.

(l) Return to Work After Adoption Leave

(i) An employee shall confirm the intention of returning to work by notice in writing to the employer given not less than four weeks prior to the expiration of the period of adoption leave provided by paragraph (c)(ii) hereof.

- (ii) An employee, upon returning to work after adoption leave, shall be entitled to the position held immediately before proceeding on such leave or in relation to an employee who has worked part-time under this clause the position held immediately before commencing such part-time work.

Where such position no longer exists but there are other positions available which the employee is qualified for and is capable of performing, the employee shall be entitled to a position as nearly comparable in status and pay to that of the employee's former position.

(m) Replacement Employees

- (i) A replacement employee is an employee specifically engaged as a result of an employee proceeding on adoption leave.
- (ii) Before an employer engages a replacement employee the employer shall inform that person of the temporary nature of the employment and of the rights of the employee who is being replaced.
- (iii) Before an employer engages a person to replace an employee temporarily promoted or transferred in order to replace an employee exercising rights under this part, the employer shall inform that person of the temporary nature of the promotion or transfer and of the rights of the employee who is being replaced.
- (iv) Nothing in this part shall be construed as requiring an employer to engage a replacement employee.

**PART D - PART-TIME WORK**

(a) Definitions

For the purposes of this part:

**'Male employee'** means an employed male who is caring for a child born of his spouse or a child placed with the employee for adoption purposes.

**'Female employee'** means an employed female who is pregnant or is caring for a child she has borne or a child who has been placed with her for adoption purposes.

**'Spouse'** includes a de facto spouse.



**'Former position'** means the position held by a female or male employee immediately before proceeding on leave or part-time employment under this part whichever first occurs or, if such position no longer exists but there are other positions available for which the employee is qualified and the duties of which he or she is capable of performing, a position as nearly comparable in status and pay to that of the position first mentioned in this definition.

**'Continuous service'** means service under an unbroken contract of employment and includes:

- (i) any period of leave taken in accordance with this clause;
- (ii) any period of part-time employment worked in accordance with this clause; or
- (iii) any period of leave or absence authorised by the employer or by the award.

(b) Entitlement

With the agreement of the employer:

- (i) A male employee may work part-time in one or more periods at any time from the date of birth of the child until its second birthday or, in relation to adoption, from the date of placement of the child until the second anniversary of the placement.
- (ii) A female employee may work part-time in one or more periods while she is pregnant where part-time employment is, because of the pregnancy, necessary or desirable.
- (iii) A female employee may work part-time in one or more periods at any time from the seventh week after the date of birth of the child until its second birthday.
- (iv) In relation to adoption a female employee may work part-time in one or more periods at any time from the date of the placement of the child until the second anniversary of that date.

(c) Return to Former Position

- (i) An employee who has had at least 12 months continuous service with an employer immediately before commencing part-time employment after the birth or placement of a child has, at the expiration of the period of such part-time employment or the first period, if there is more than one, the right to return to his or her former position.



- (ii) Nothing in paragraph (i) hereof shall prevent the employer from permitting the employee to return to his or her former position after a second or subsequent period of part-time employment.

(d) Effect of Part-time Employment on Continuous Service

Commencement on part-time work under this clause, and return from part-time work to full-time work under this clause, shall not break the continuity of service or employment.

(e) Pro Rata Entitlements

Subject to the provisions of this part and the matters agreed to in accordance with subclause (h) hereof, part-time employment shall be in accordance with the provisions of this award which shall apply pro rata.

(f) Transitional Arrangements - Annual Leave

- (i) An employee working part-time under this part shall be paid for and take any leave accrued in respect of a period of full-time employment, in such periods and manner as specified in the annual leave provisions of this award, as if the employee were working full-time in the class of work the employee was performing as a full-time employee immediately before commencing part-time work under this part.
- (ii) (1) A full-time employee shall be paid for and take any annual leave accrued in respect of a period of part-time employment under this part, in such periods and manner as specified in this award, as if the employee were working part-time in the class of work the employee was performing as a part-time employee immediately before resuming full-time work.
- (2) Provided that, by agreement between the employer and the employee, the period over which the leave is taken may be shortened to the extent necessary for the employee to receive pay at the employee's current full-time rate.

(g) Transitional Arrangements - Sick Leave

An employee working part-time under this part shall have sick leave entitlements which have accrued under this award (including any entitlements accrued in respect of previous full-time employment) converted into hours. When this entitlement is used, whether as a part-time employee or as a full-time employee, it shall be debited for the ordinary hours that the employee would have worked during the period of absence.

(h) Part-time Work Agreement

(i) Before commencing a period of part-time employment under this part the employee and the employer shall agree:

- (1) that the employee may work part-time;
- (2) upon the hours to be worked by the employee, the days upon which they will be worked and commencing times for the work;
- (3) upon the classification applying to the work to be performed; and
- (4) upon the period of part-time employment.

(ii) The terms of this agreement may be varied by consent.

(iii) The terms of this agreement or any variation to it shall be reduced to writing and retained by the employer. A copy of the agreement and any variation to it shall be provided to the employee by the employer.

(iv) The terms of this agreement shall apply to the part-time employment.

(i) Termination of Employment

(i) The employment of a part-time employee under this clause, may be terminated in accordance with the provisions of this award but may not be terminated by the employer because the employee has exercised or proposes to exercise any rights arising under this clause or has enjoyed or proposes to enjoy any benefits arising under this clause.

(ii) Any termination entitlements payable to an employee whose employment is terminated while working part-time under this clause, or while working full-time after transferring from part-time work under this clause, shall be calculated by reference to the full-time rate of pay at the time of termination and by regarding all service as a full-time employee as qualifying for a termination entitlement based on the period of full-time employment and all service as a part-time employee on a pro rata basis.

(j) Extension of Hours of Work

An employer may request, but not require, an employee working part-time under this clause to work outside or in excess of the employee's ordinary hours of duty provided for in accordance with subclause (h).

(k) Nature of Part-time Work

The work to be performed part-time need not be the work performed by the employee in his or her former position but shall be work otherwise performed under this award.

(l) Inconsistent Award Provisions

An employee may work part-time under this clause notwithstanding any other provisions of this award which limits or restricts the circumstances in which part-time employment may be worked or the terms upon which it may be worked including provisions:

- (i) limiting the number of employees who may work part-time;
- (ii) establishing quotas as to the ratio of part-time to full-time employees;
- (iii) prescribing a minimum or maximum number of hours a part-time employee may work; or
- (iv) requiring consultation with, consent of or monitoring by a union;

and such provisions do not apply to part-time work under this clause.



(m) Replacement Employees

- (i) A replacement employee is an employee specifically engaged as a result of an employee working part-time under this part.
- (ii) A replacement employee may be employed part-time. Subject to this subclause, subclauses (e), (f), (g), (h), (i) and (l) of this part apply to the part-time employment of replacement employees.
- (iii) Before an employer engages a replacement employee under this subclause, the employer shall inform the person of the temporary nature of the employment and of the rights of the employee who is being replaced.
- (iv) Unbroken service as a replacement employee shall be treated as continuous service for the purposes of paragraph (a)(v) hereof.
- (v) Nothing in this part shall be construed as requiring an employer to engage a replacement employee.

**19. PART-TIME EMPLOYEE**

A part-time employee (as defined) shall be engaged on the following terms:

- (a) The rate of pay shall be equal to the appropriate weekly rate divided by 38.
- (b) The provisions of this award in respect to annual leave, sick leave and holidays shall apply on a proportionate basis.

All other conditions of employment shall be as for weekly hire employees.

- (c) The ordinary hours of work of part-time employees shall be in accordance with Clause 15 - Hours.
- (d) Part-time employees shall be engaged for a minimum of 12 hours per week with not less than 3 hours of work being provided on any day.

**PROVIDED** that where agreed between the employer, the employee and the union a lesser minimum engagement may apply. Such agreement shall be in writing and shall specify the terms of the lesser engagement period.

## **20. PAYMENT OF WAGES**

- (a) The employer shall specify a time and place at which wages and other moneys are to be paid to the employees other than employees engaged for less than one week. The time so specified shall not be more than 48 hours from the time when such wages become due and shall not be later than Thursday in the week. Any employee who is not paid at the time so specified shall be deemed to be working during the time he is kept waiting. Casual employees shall be paid within one hour of the termination of employment.
- (b) Payment may be made weekly or fortnightly and shall be in cash or by cheque or by direct bank deposit in an account nominated by the employee. The frequency of payment shall be the result of agreement being reached between the employer and the majority of employees concerned. The method of payment shall be at the discretion of the employer.
- (c) Where a cheque is not met upon presentation or a bank deposit is not made at the time specified, otherwise than in circumstances beyond the control of the employer, waiting time shall be paid.

## **21. PREFERENCE OF EMPLOYMENT**

Preference of employment shall be given to members of the Australian Liquor, Hospitality and Miscellaneous Workers' Union - Tasmanian Branch, provided that such preference shall extend to persons who, not being members, undertake to become, and within 14 days of so undertaking do in fact become, and remain members of the Australian Liquor, Hospitality and Miscellaneous Workers' Union - Tasmanian Branch.

A person who objects to joining the union on genuine conscientious grounds shall be exempted from the requirement to join on condition that he contributes an amount equivalent to the annual union subscription to a charity agreed on between him and the union.

## **22. REST PERIOD**

Employees shall be allowed a rest period of 10 minutes during the first and second periods of each shift.

## **23. RIGHT OF ENTRY**

For the purpose of interviewing persons covered by this award, an officer of the Australian Liquor, Hospitality and Miscellaneous Workers Union - Tasmanian Branch, may enter the premises where such persons are employed on each day of the week.



#### **24. SATURDAY AND SUNDAY WORK**

For all time of duty after midday on a Saturday or on a Sunday payment shall be made at the rate of double the ordinary rate.

#### **25. SICK LEAVE**

- (a) An employee, who is absent from work on account of personal illness or on account of injury by accident shall be entitled to leave of absence without deduction of pay, subject to the following conditions and limitations:
  - (i) he shall not be entitled to such leave of absence for any period in respect of which he is entitled to workers' compensation;
  - (ii) he shall, wherever possible inform the employer of an inability to attend for work on the first day of such absence, and as far as may be practicable, state the nature of illness or injury and the estimated duration of the absence;
  - (iii) he shall prove such inability to the satisfaction of the employer (or in the event of a dispute, the Tasmanian Industrial Commission);
  - (iv) he shall not be entitled in any year (whether in the employment of one employer or of more) to sick leave credit in excess of 2 weeks or ordinary working time.
- (b) Sick leave shall accumulate from year to year so that any balance of the period specified in subclause (a)(iv) of this clause which has in any year not been allowed to an employee by an employer as paid sick leave shall be credited to the employee and, subject to the conditions hereinbefore prescribed shall be allowed by that employer in a subsequent year without diminution of the sick leave prescribed in respect of that year.

#### **26. STRUCTURAL EFFICIENCY**

- (a) The parties to this award are committed to co-operating positively to increase efficiency and productivity and to enhance the opportunities and job security of employees.



- (b) At each place of employment a consultative mechanism appropriate to the size, structure and needs of that place shall be established to consider efficiency measures. The consultative mechanism shall involve management, employees of the centre and the union.
- (c) Efficiency measures which may seek to vary a provision of this award shall be referred to the Tasmanian Industrial Commission.
- (d) An appropriate classification structure shall be an issue for on-going discussion between the parties to the award.

## **27. SUPERANNUATION**

### **(a) Definitions**

**'Tasplan'** means the Tasplan Fund established by Trust Deed and Articles on 24 March 1987.

**'Eligible employee'** means a full-time or part-time employee who has completed one calendar month's service with an employer or, a casual employee who has worked 48 hours of ordinary time in a month.

**PROVIDED** that no employee shall be eligible prior to 1 January 1991.

### **(b) Fund**

- (i) For the purpose of this award contributions made by employers in accordance with the provisions of subclause (d) - Employee Contributions herein, shall be paid to the Treasurer of Tasplan.
- (ii) All employers upon being so bound by this award shall become party to Tasplan and upon the acceptance of the Trustees of that scheme of an application to become a participating employer of Tasplan, duly signed and executed by that employer.

### **(c) Employer Contributions**

- (i) Subject to the rules of the fund and the conditions identified elsewhere in this clause, contributions shall be paid by employers in respect of each eligible employee at the rate of three per cent of ordinary time earnings for each complete week employed. This calculation shall be based on the ordinary time worked by an employee in any week and shall exclude work performed and paid as overtime.

**PROVIDED** that the minimum contribution in any week shall be \$1.30.

- (ii) Contributions will only be made in respect of eligible employees as defined provided that if a new employee was a member of Tasplan at his or her prior place of employment, no eligibility requirement shall apply.
- (iii) A pro rata deduction shall be made from the weekly contribution payable for an unauthorised absence of at least one day's duration.
- (iv) An employer, as defined, shall not be required to contribute during any periods of unpaid leave. Further an employer shall not be required to make additional contributions in respect of annual leave paid out on termination.
- (v) No contribution is payable in respect of casual employees in any fund billing statement month where the number of hours worked is less than 48.
- (vi) Contributions for eligible employees shall be forwarded to the Fund Manager on a monthly basis.

(d) Employee Contributions

Subject to the rules of the fund, employees who may wish to make contributions to the fund additional to those being paid pursuant to subclause (c) - Employer Contributions herein, shall be so entitled. Such employees may either forward their own contribution directly to the Fund Administrators or, where it is practicable to do so, authorise the employer to pay into the fund from the employees' wages, amounts specified by the employer subject to the amount of contribution being expressed in whole dollars and any adjustment to the level of contribution being subject to 3 months' notice in writing from the employee to the employer or such lesser period as they may both otherwise agree.

